## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## Listing of Claims:

## 1-26. Cancelled

27. (New) A method of analyzing body fluid samples which are respectively pipetted from plural sample bottles by using a first pipette and a second pipette disposed on different positions on a line; said method comprising the steps of

transferring said plural sample bottles respectively containing said body fluid sample to said line,

after pipetting said body fluid samples using said first pipette, pipetting said body fluid samples using said second pipette, and

analyzing said body fluid samples pipetted using said first pipette and said second pipette by employing a plurality of analysis devices, wherein

an avoiding level of carry-over of said analysis devices of said body fluid samples pipetted using said first pipette is equal to or higher than an avoiding level of carry-over of

said analysis devices of said body fluid samples pipetted using said second pipette.

28. (New) A method of analyzing body fluid samples which are respectively pipetted from plural sample bottles by using a first pipette and a second pipette disposed on different positions on a line; said method comprising the steps of

transferring said plural sample bottles respectively containing said body fluid samples to said line,

after pipetting one of said body fluid samples using said first pipette, pipetting other of said body fluid samples using said second pipette, and

analyzing said body fluid samples pipetted using said first pipette and said second pipette by employing a plurality of analysis devices, wherein

an avoiding level of carry-over of said analysis devices of one of said body fluid samples pipetted using said first pipette is equal to or higher than an avoiding level of carry-over of said analysis devices of other of said body fluid samples pipetted using said second pipette.

29. (New) A method of analyzing body fluid samples which are respectively pipetted from plural sample bottles by using a first pipette and a second pipette disposed on different positions on a line; said method comprising the steps of

transferring said plural sample bottles respectively containing said body fluid samples to said line,

after pipetting one of said body fluid samples using said first pipette, pipetting said one of said body fluid samples using said second pipette, and

analyzing said body fluid samples pipetted using said first pipette and said second pipette by employing a plurality of analysis devices, wherein

an avoiding level of carry-over of said analysis devices of said one of said body fluid samples pipetted using said first pipette is equal to or higher than an avoiding level of carry-over of said analysis devices of said one of said body fluid samples pipetted using said second pipette.

30. (New) A method of analyzing a body fluid sample according to claim 27, wherein

an analysis device having the higher avoiding level of carry-over is a device for measurement of a label substance

after an immune reaction of a substance in the sample to be measured with the label substance, and

another analysis device having the higher avoiding level of carry-over is a device for measurement of an optical characteristic of a reaction solution produced by a chemical reaction of the sample with a reagent.

31. (New) A method of analyzing a body fluid sample according to claim 27, wherein

an analysis item having the higher avoiding level of carry-over is a DNA analysis device, and an analysis item having the lower avoiding level of carry-over is a chemical analysis device.

32. (New) A method of analyzing a body fluid sample according to claim 27, wherein

a sampled body liquid sample sampled by a pipette used for an analysis device having a higher avoiding level of carry-over is analyzed by the analysis device, and

if the result of judgment is that re-measurement for the analysis on the analysis device is not necessary, sample

sampling is conducted by a pipette used for an analysis device having a lower avoiding level of carry-over.